

2023 ARKANSAS PROFILE TRANSITION-AGE YOUTH IN FOSTER CARE

The transition from adolescence to adulthood is a pivotal developmental stage as young people learn the skills needed to be healthy and productive adults. This process can be complicated for youth with foster care experience. Here's what we know about the experiences of these youth in Arkansas.



147,143 or 24%

of United States' foster care population was ages 14+ in 2021

Down from 34% in 2006

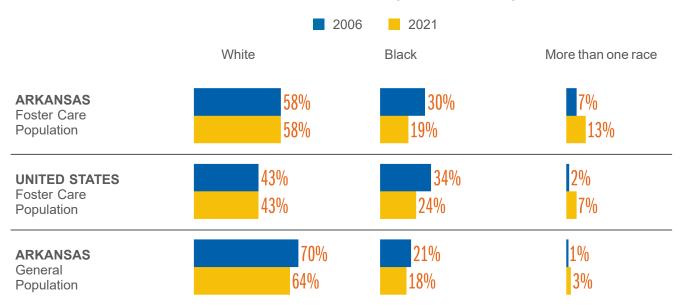


1,453 or 20%

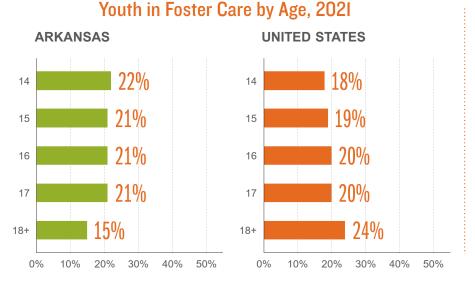
of Arkansas's foster care population was ages 14+ in 2021

Down from 28% in 2006

Youth in Foster Care by Race/Ethnicity



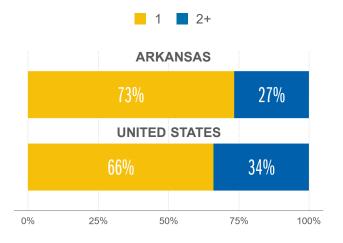
Above charts are based on the three largest racial and ethnic groups in this state in foster care. For additional data, please visit the KIDS COUNT Data Center, https://datacenter.kidscount.org. Additional detail on all data in the state profiles can be found in Fostering Youth Transitions: Source Notes.



Youth in Foster Care by Sex* ARKANSAS MALE FEMALE 155% 1055% UNITED STATES

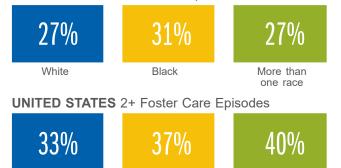
Removing a child from home to a foster care placement is reported as an episode. Multiple episodes — and placement changes during an episode — can lead to poor outcomes for youth.

Number of Episodes in Foster Care, 2021



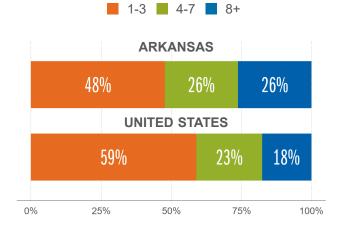
ARKANSAS 2+ Foster Care Episodes

White

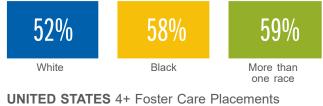


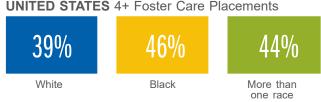
Black

Number of Placements During Most Recent Foster Care Episode, 2021



ARKANSAS 4+ Foster Care Placements



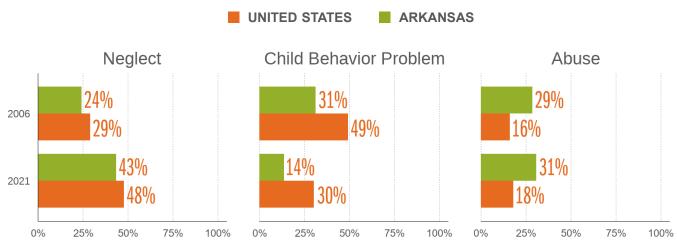


Percentage of young people in each racial/ethnic group who have experienced multiple foster care episodes and placements.

More than

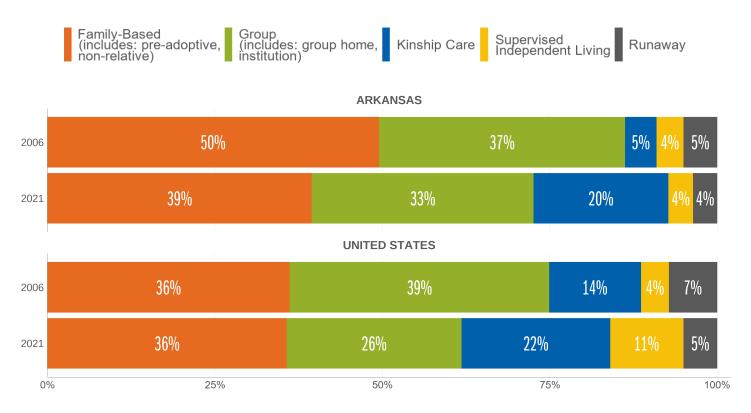
one race

Entry Reasons*



^{*}A young person may have more than one entry reason. The entry reason "Abuse" combines data on physical and sexual abuse.

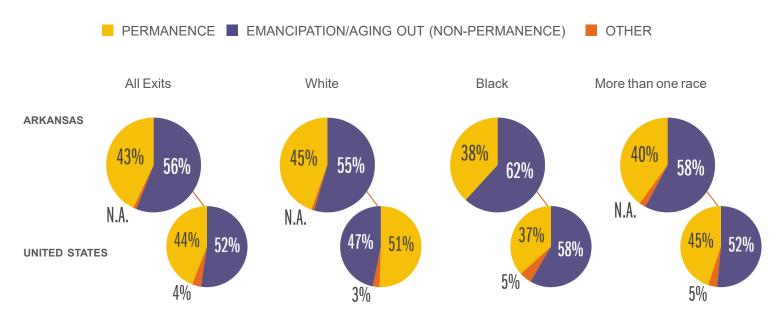
Placement Type



Due to spacing, labels are not shown for data smaller than 3%. Please refer to Fostering Youth Transitions: Data Tables for detail.

Exit Reasons

Many young people who leave foster care without permanent, legal connections to family or caregivers are exposed to risks including homelessness and economic instability.



The above charts represent young people ages 16+ who exited foster care in 2021. Due to rounding, some charts may not equal 100 percent. Permanence includes adoption, reunification with birth families, living with a relative and guardianship. When fewer than 10 young people are reported in data, this brief uses N.A. Please see Source Notes for additional detail.

-3-

Extended Foster Care

Nearly all states allow young people to stay in foster care between the ages of 18 and 21. Young people who spend time in extended foster care experience better outcomes than those who age out and live on their own. The benefits of extended foster care can include stability for young people while they finish school or find employment.

Young People in Foster Care on Their 18th and 19th Birthdays



This table represents the number of young people in foster care on their 18th birthday and the number and percent still in foster care on their 19th birthday. When fewer than 10 young people are reported in data, this brief uses N.A. When no young people are reported in the data, this brief uses zero.

Young People in Foster Care on Their 19th Birthday, by Race

ARKANSAS

White	Black	More than one race
N.A.	N.A.	N.A.

2016



UNITED STATES

White	Black	More than one race
17%	28%	24%

2021

ARKANSAS

White	Black	More than one race
N.A.	N.A.	N.A.



UNITED STATES

White	Black	More than one race
20%	29%	26%

When fewer than 10 young people are reported in data, this brief uses N.A. Please see Source Notes for additional detail.

Transition Services

Transition services, such as vocational training and housing assistance, are designed to help young people with foster care experience transition to adulthood. Participation in federally funded transition services provides a window into how well young people are being equipped for employment, education and housing.



210,539 or 47%

of the United States' foster care population received a service at any point between ages I4-2I*

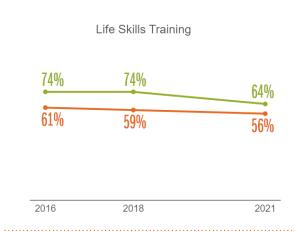


3,339 or 69%

of Arkansas's foster care population received a service at any point between ages I4-2I*



ARKANSAS



Employment Programs/Vocational Training



Educational Financial Assistance

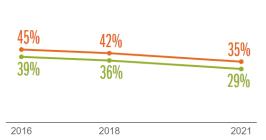






Academic Support, K-12





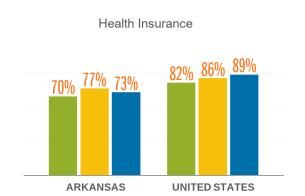


^{*}This is calculated using data from FY 2013-2021.

Young Adult Outcomes by Age 21*

Research shows that young people who have experienced foster care have worse outcomes than their peers in the general population across a variety of service categories — from education and employment to housing and early parenthood. Examining data on these outcomes in Arkansas is important in efforts to improve the practices, programs and policies that help ensure these young people have the relationships, resources and opportunities they need for well-being and success.

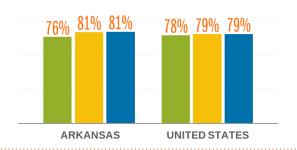
Age 21 in 2018



Age 21 in 2015

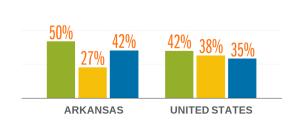
High School Diploma/GED+

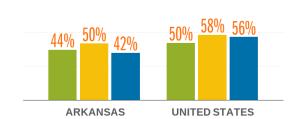
Age 21 in 2021





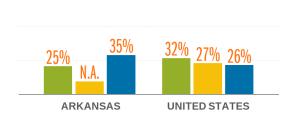
Employment (Part-Time or Full-Time)

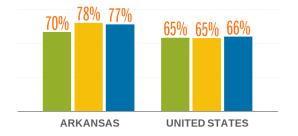




Young Parents

Stable Housing





Postsecondary Enrollment

*Outcomes data are from surveys of three groups of young people who experienced foster care. The groups reached age 21 in 2015, 2018 and 2021. When fewer than 10 youth are reported in a category, N.A. is used. See Fostering Youth Transitions: Source Notes for additional detail. Fostering Youth Transitions data analysis was provided by Child Trends.

